## PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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## (54) INK JET RECORDING HEAD AND INK JET RECORDER EQUIPPED WITH THE RECORDING HEAD

$$i(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{\theta \operatorname{rd}(\mathbf{r})}$$

(57) Abstract:

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distribution on a surface of a resistor is equalized and its recorder by a method wherein a heating resistor has a heating part of an approximately

resistor has a heating part of an approximately circularly annular or fan-like annular surface shape, and its thickness is varied inversely proportional to a distance in a radial direction

novel heating element wherein heating

from a central point of the surface shape.

 $q(r) = i(r)^2 \rho d(r)$ 

CONSTITUTION: When voltage is impressed by making a current (I) flow radially along a radial direction of a heating resistor, a thickness d (r) of

PURPOSE: To obtain a recording head having a

direction of a heating resistor, a thickness d (r) a heating part of the heating resistor is varied inversely proportional to a radial distance (r) from a center of a surface shape. Thereby, a

current density i (r) at any point on the heating part at a radial distance (r) apart from the center comes to be as given by the formula (I). In the formula  $\theta$  is an angle of a fan-like annulus ( $2\pi$  in

 $q(r) = \frac{I^2 \rho}{\theta^2 r^2 d(r)}$ 

the case of a circular annulus). Relation between 'the resistivity ( $\rho$ ) of the resistor and a heating value q (r) per unit time unit area is as given by the formula II. Therefore, the formula III is obtained.

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